

# Daily Health Screening for COVID-19 for Anyone Entering DCP

The person conducting the screenings will maintain 6 feet distance while asking question and will ask these questions to anyone entering the facility (including children, staff, family members, or other visitors).

**People should not be at DCP if they may have been exposed to COVID-19 or are showing symptoms of fever (100.4 or greater), chills, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing, new cough, new loss of taste or smell, runny nose, congestion, vomiting, and/or diarrhea.**

**1. Has anyone in your household had close contact (within 6 feet for at least 15 minutes total in a 24 hour period) in the last 14 days with someone diagnosed with COVID-19, or has any health department or health care provider been in contact with you and advised you to quarantine?**

Yes > The individual(s) should not be at DCP. The individual can return 14 days after the last time they had contact with someone with COVID-19, or as listed below.

No > The individual(s) can enter if they are not exhibiting any symptoms.

**2. Does anyone in your household have any of the following symptoms?**

- Fever (100.4 or greater)
- Chills
- Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
- New cough
- Sore throat
- New loss of taste or smell
- Runny nose **OR** congestion
- Vomiting
- Diarrhea

If an individual has any of these symptoms they should go home, stay away from other people, and contact their healthcare provider.

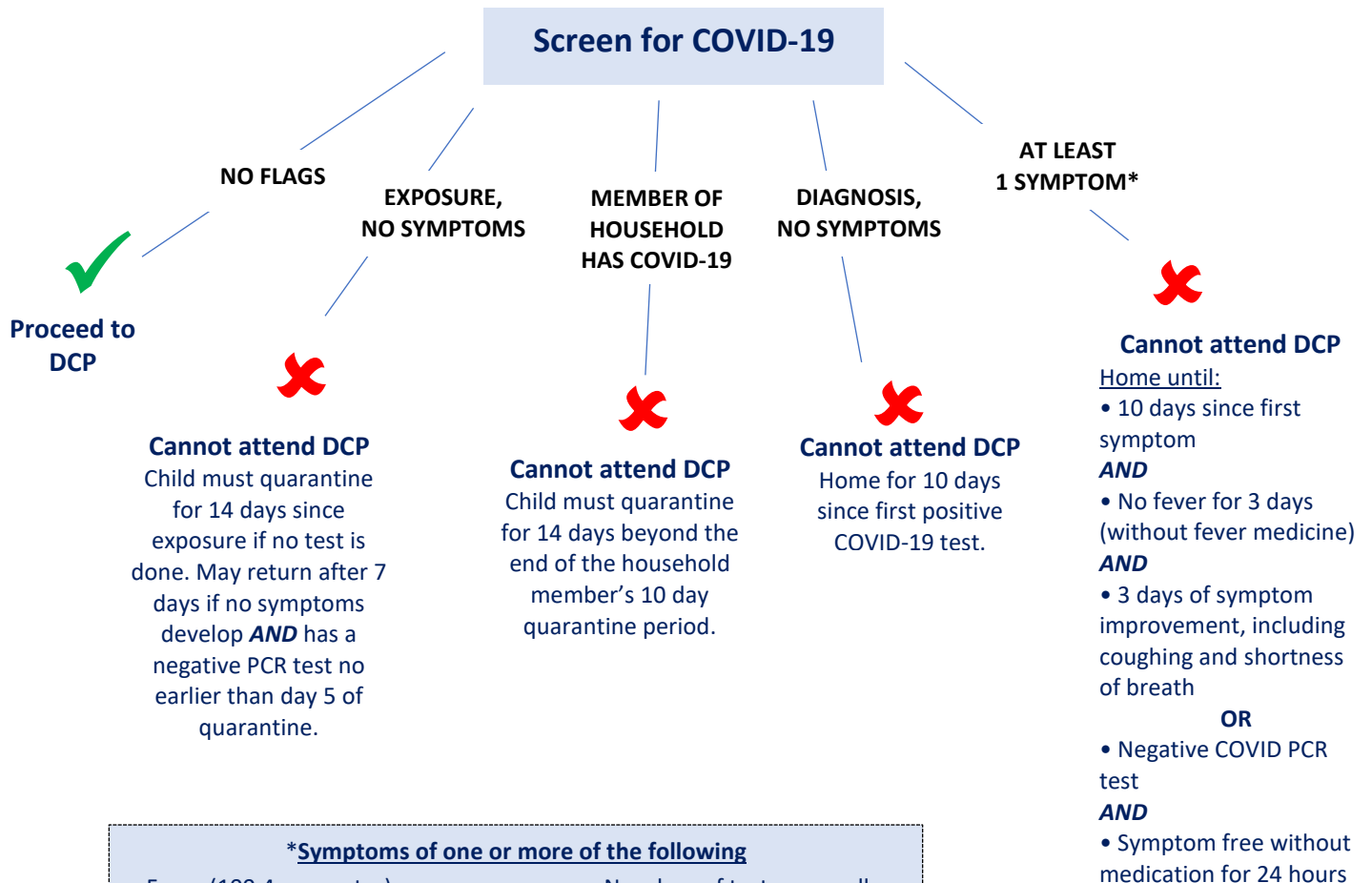
**3. Since you were last at DCP, has anyone in your household been diagnosed with COVID-19?**

- Yes
- No

If a person is diagnosed with COVID-19 based on a test or their symptoms, they should not be at childcare and should stay home until they meet the criteria below.

# Handling Suspected, Presumptive, or Confirmed Cases of COVID-19 Flow Chart and Protocol

## Screening Flow Chart



- \*Symptoms of one or more of the following**
- Fever (100.4 or greater)
  - Chills
  - Shortness of breath/ difficulty breathing
  - New cough
  - Sore throat
  - New loss of taste or smell
  - Runny nose OR congestion
  - Vomiting
  - Diarrhea

## Criteria for Return to DCP

Scenario	Criteria to return to DCP
<b>Diagnosis</b>	
<p>Person has tested <b>positive</b> with an <b>antigen test</b> but <b>does not have symptoms</b> of COVID-19 and is not known to be a close contact to someone diagnosed with COVID-19.</p>	<p>If the person has a repeat PCR/molecular test performed in a laboratory within 24 – 48 hours of their positive antigen test, and that PCR/molecular test is negative: the positive antigen test can be considered a false positive and the person can immediately return to DCP, <b>OR</b></p> <p>If the person does not have a repeat PCR/molecular test, or has one within 24 – 48 hours and it is also positive, the person can return to school 10 days <b>after the first positive test</b>, as long as they did not develop symptoms.</p>
<p>Person has tested <b>positive</b> with a <b>PCR/molecular test</b> but the person does <b>not</b> have symptoms.</p>	<p>Person can return to DCP once they have completed <b>10 days</b> of isolation, <b>starting from the date of their first positive test</b>.</p>
<b>Symptoms</b>	
<p>Person <b>has symptoms</b> of COVID-19 and has tested <b>positive</b> with an <b>antigen test</b> or <b>PCR/molecular test</b></p>	<p>Person can return to DCP when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• They have completed <b>10 days</b> of isolation, <b>starting from the first day of symptoms</b></li> <li style="text-align: center;">AND</li> <li>• They have been fever-free for at least 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication</li> <li style="text-align: center;">AND</li> <li>• Any other symptoms of COVID-19 are improving</li> </ul>
<p>Person has symptoms of COVID-19 but has <b>not</b> been tested for COVID-19 nor has visited a health care provider. Therefore, the person who has symptoms is <b>presumed positive</b> for COVID-19 due to the presence of a clinically compatible illness in the absence of testing.</p>	<p>Person can return to DCP when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• They have completed <b>10 days</b> of isolation, <b>starting from the first day of symptoms</b></li> <li style="text-align: center;">AND</li> <li>• They have been fever-free for at least 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication</li> <li style="text-align: center;">AND</li> <li>• Any other symptoms of COVID-19 are improving</li> </ul>

<p>Person has symptoms of COVID-19 but has visited a health care provider and received an <b>alternate diagnosis</b> that would explain the symptoms AND the health care provider has determined COVID-19 testing is not needed.</p>	<p>Person can return to DCP when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• They have been fever-free for at least 24 hours without the use of fever-reducing medication</li> <li><b>AND</b></li> <li>• They have felt well for at least 24 hours</li> </ul> <p>**Note: Health care provider is not required to detail the specifics of the alternate diagnosis to DCP</p>
<p><b>Exposure</b></p>	
<p>Person who is not fully vaccinated and has been in close contact with someone with a confirmed case of COVID-19.</p>	<p>Person can return to school after completing up to 14 days of quarantine. The 14 days of quarantine begin <b>after the last known close contact</b> with the COVID-19 positive individual. Alternatively the person may complete a <b>10-day quarantine</b> if the person is <b>not presenting symptoms of COVID-19</b> after daily at-home monitoring, or they may complete <b>7 days of quarantine if they report no symptoms during daily at-home monitoring, and the individual has received results of a negative antigen or PCR/molecular test on a test taken no earlier than day 5 of quarantine.</b></p> <p>**Follow the recommendations of your local public health department if someone at your schools should quarantine. Local public health authorities make the final decisions about how long quarantine should last in the communities they serve, based on local conditions and needs**</p>
<p><b>Household Member</b></p>	
<p>Household member has a <b>confirmed case</b> of COVID-19</p>	<p>Person can return to DCP after completing <b>14 days</b> of quarantine, <b>starting from the END of the 10 day isolation period of the person with COVID-19</b></p>
<p>Household member has <b>symptoms</b> of COVID-19 but has not been tested for COVID-19 nor has visited a health care provider and is therefore presumed positive.</p>	<p>Person can return to DCP after completing <b>14 days</b> of quarantine, <b>starting from the END of the 10 day isolation period of the person who is presumed to have COVID-19</b></p>
<p>Household member has symptoms of COVID-19 but has visited a health care provider and received an <b>alternate diagnosis</b> that would explain the symptoms and the health care provider has determined COVID-19 testing is not needed.</p>	<p>Person can return to DCP immediately after the household member receives their alternate diagnosis.</p> <p>**Note: Health care provider is not required to detail the specifics of the alternate diagnosis to DCP</p>